

HAMILTONIAN WEAK - CHAOS SUPERDIFFUSION

Introduction

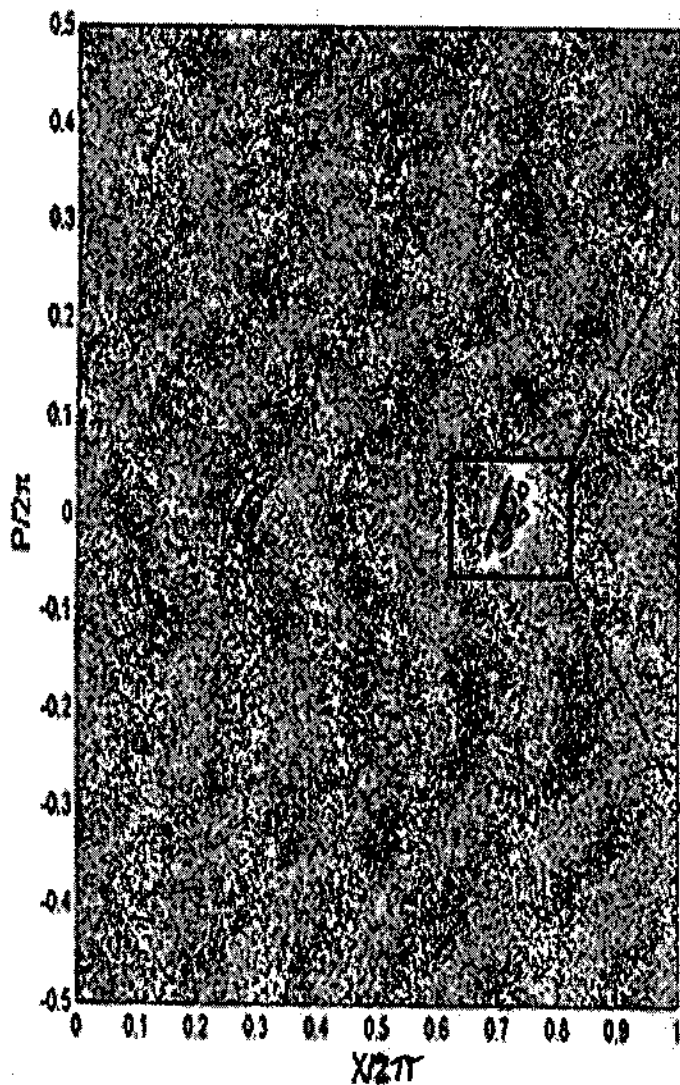
Standard map:

$$p_{n+1} = p_n + K \sin(x_n), \quad x_{n+1} = x_n + p_{n+1} \text{ mod } 2\pi,$$

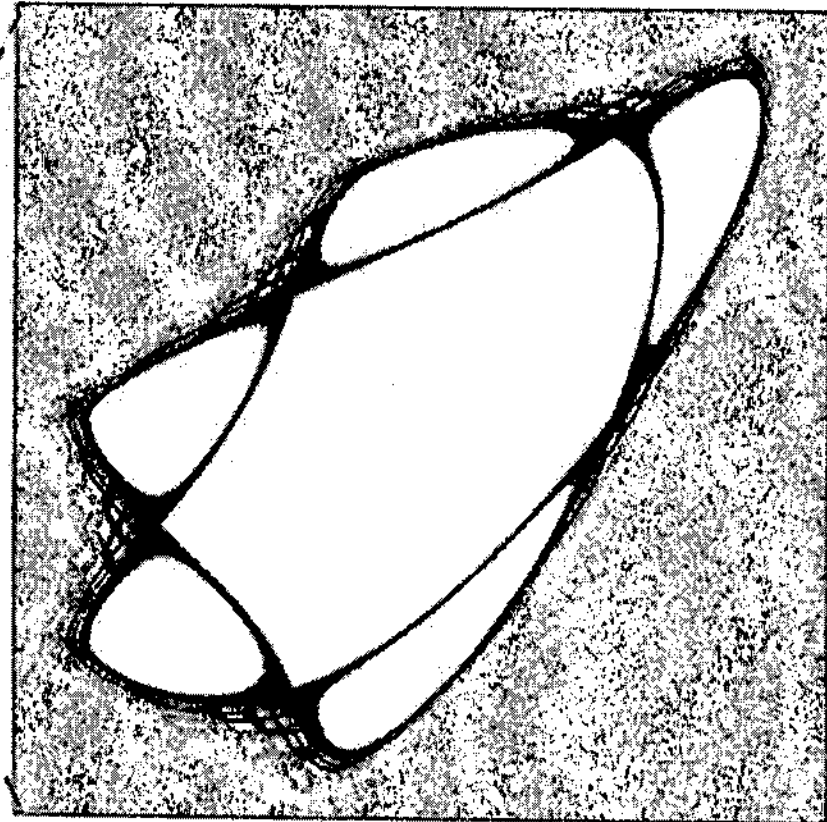
exhibits *superdiffusion*, $\langle p_n^2 \rangle \propto n^\mu$, $1 < \mu < 2$, in *strong-chaos* regime

($K > 2\pi$), due to *stickiness* to islands surrounding accelerator-mode

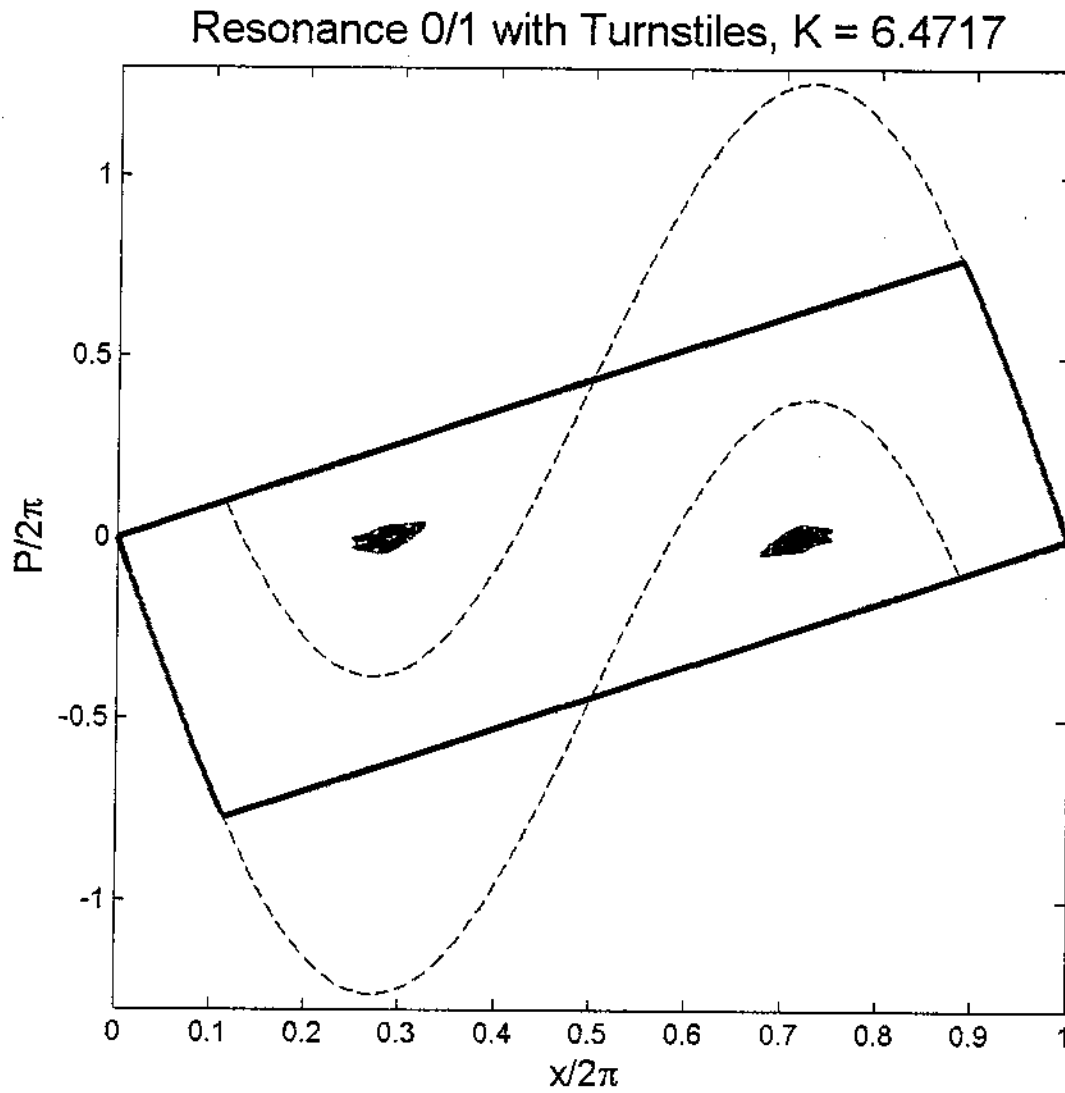
fixed points, $p_1 = p_0 \pm 2\pi$, $x_1 = x_0$. Chaotic "flights": $p_n \approx p_0 \pm 2\pi n$.



$$K = 6.4717$$

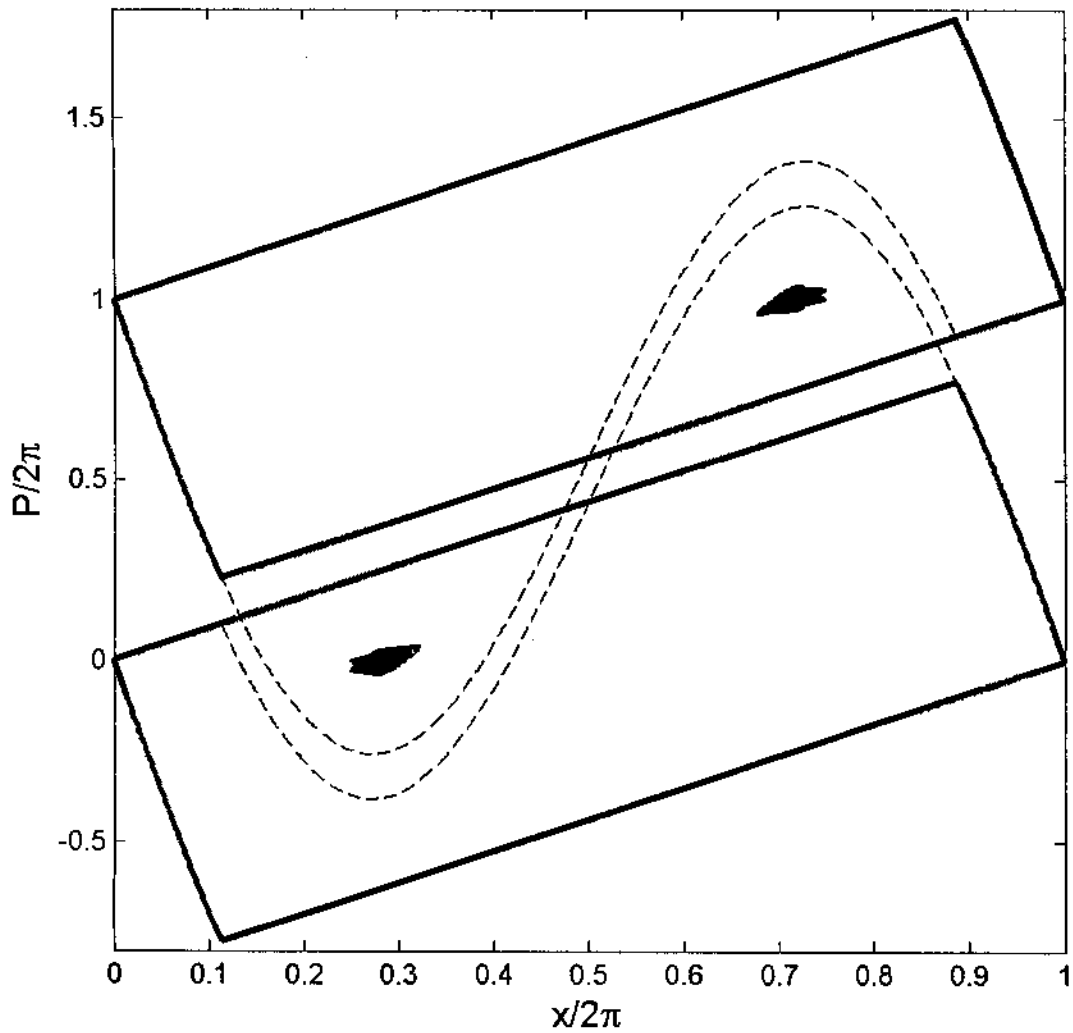


Accelerator-mode islands (AIs) are “tangle” islands, in the lobes of resonance turnstiles, and have no integrable limit.

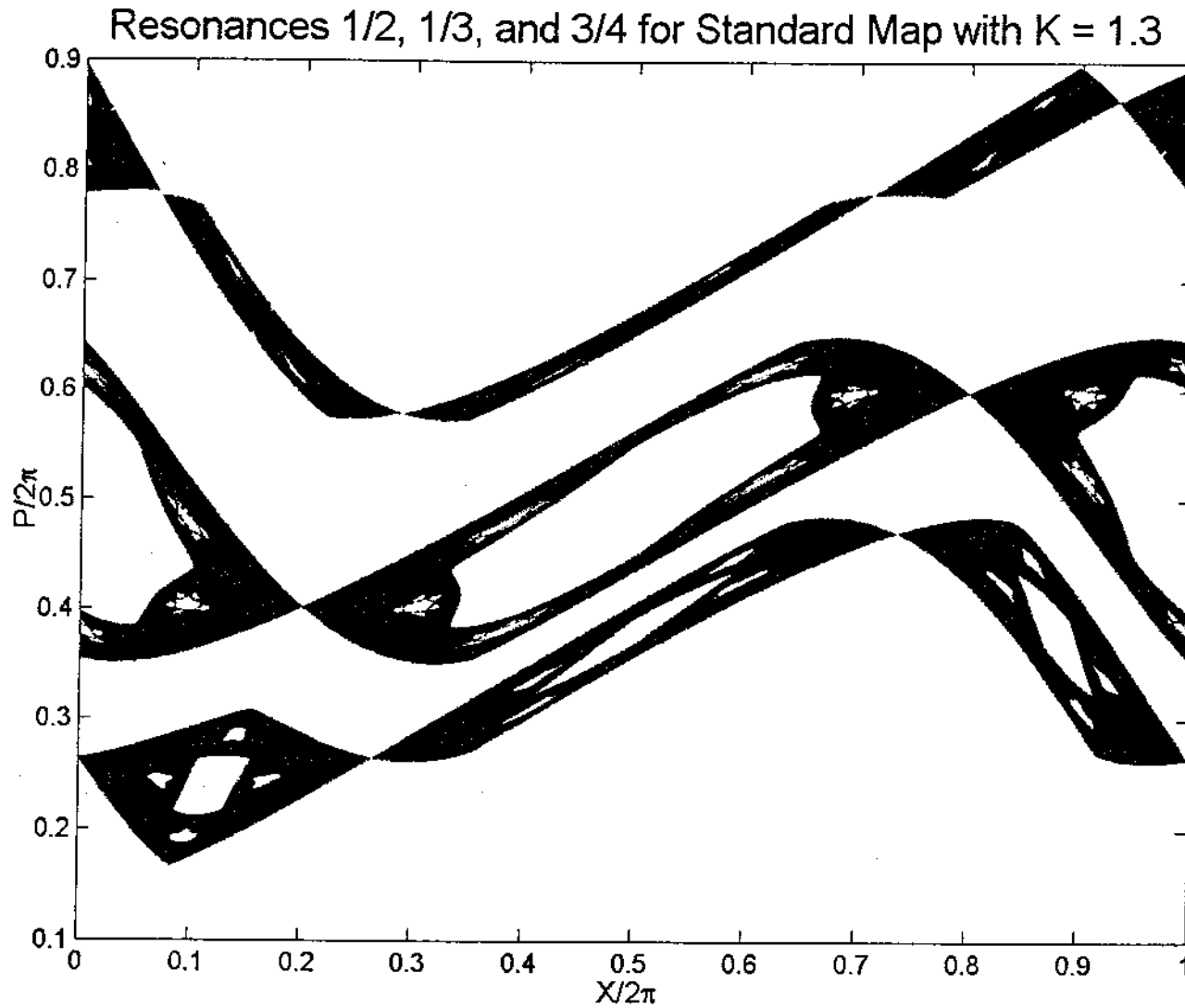


Actually, AIs must lie within the *turnstile overlap* of two neighboring first-order resonances (Dana & Barash, 2004).

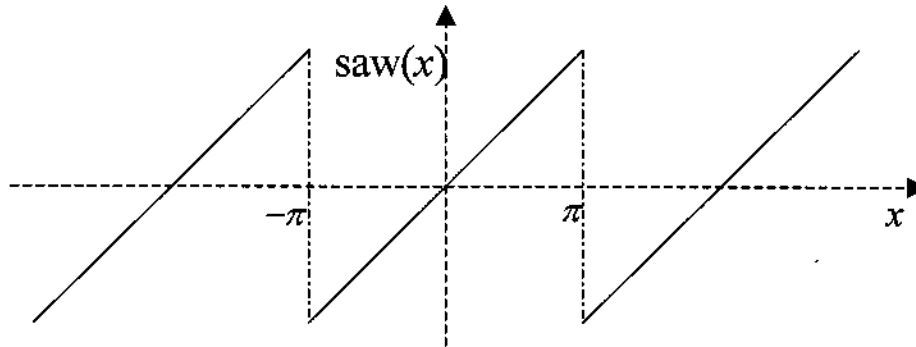
Resonances 0/1 and 1/1 with Turnstile Overlaps, $K = 6.4717$



Mackay, Meiss, & Percival (1987); Dana (1993).



Sawtooth Map: $p_{n+1} = p_n + \kappa \text{saw}(x_n)$, $x_{n+1} = x_n + p_{n+1} \text{ mod } 2\pi$.



Hyperbolic case ($\kappa > 0$) [Rokhlin (1961), Chirikov (1969), Aubry (1978), Percival (1979)]: Totally chaotic but with nontrivial symbolic dynamics and featuring unstable *ordered orbits and resonances*, completely analogous to those in standard map.

- Markov model of transport on resonances and diffusion-coefficient scaling, $D \propto \kappa^{2.5}$, for small κ [Dana, Murray, & Percival (1989)].
- Organization and quasiregularity of chaos [Dana (1990, 1993)].
- Approximations of stadium billiard [Casati et al. (1996, 1999)].
- Quantized sawtooth map as model for quantum computation [Benenti et al. (2001, 2003), Bettelli and Shepelyansky (2003)].

Elliptic case ($-4 < \kappa < 0$) [Ashwin (1997), Lowenstein, Vivaldi, and others (2000-2003)]: *Locally elliptic* map with rotation angle α ,

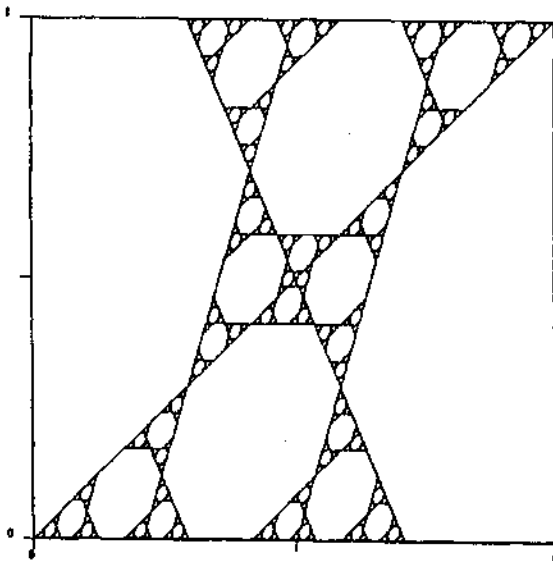
$$2\cos(\alpha) = \kappa + 2.$$

A “*piecewise*” rotation, “taken modulo” the torus or the cylinder, featuring “*islands set*” and “*pseudochaotic region*” (PR):

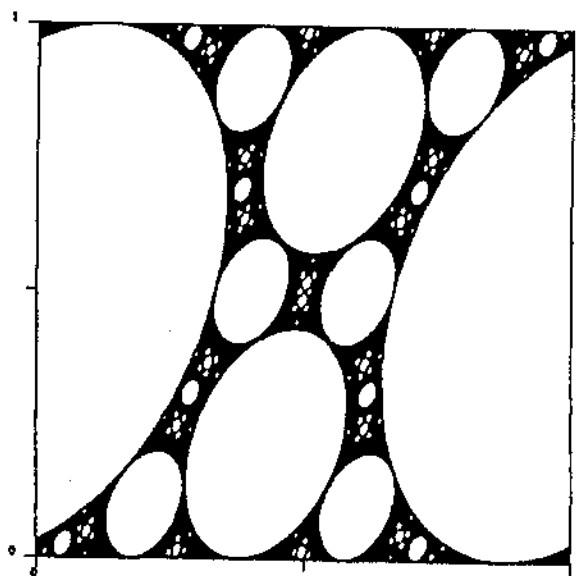
- *Integrable* (no PR) for $\kappa = -3, -2, -1$ ($\alpha = 2\pi/3, \pi/2, \pi/3$).
- *Fractal PR* for noninteger κ and rational $\alpha/2\pi$.
- *Finite-measure PR* for irrational $\alpha/2\pi$.

Accelerator-mode fixed points $(x_0, p_0) = (\pm 2\pi/\kappa, 0)$ for $-4 < \kappa < -2$.

$\alpha = \pi/4$



Irrational $\alpha/2\pi$ ($\kappa = -0.5$)



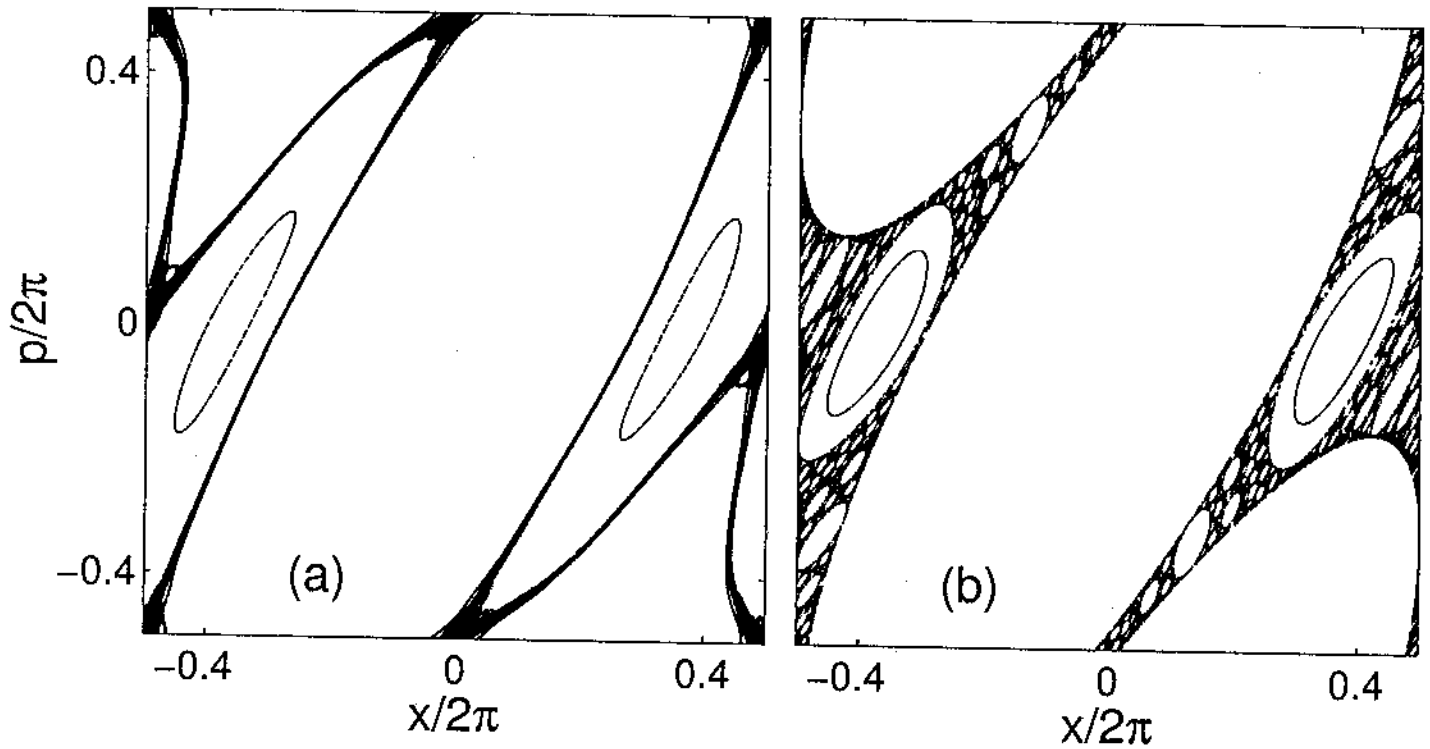
Perturbed Elliptic Sawtooth Map [Dana, PRE 69, 016212 (2004)]:

$$\kappa \text{saw}(x) \longrightarrow \kappa \text{saw}(x) + K \sin(x), \quad -4 < \kappa < 0.$$

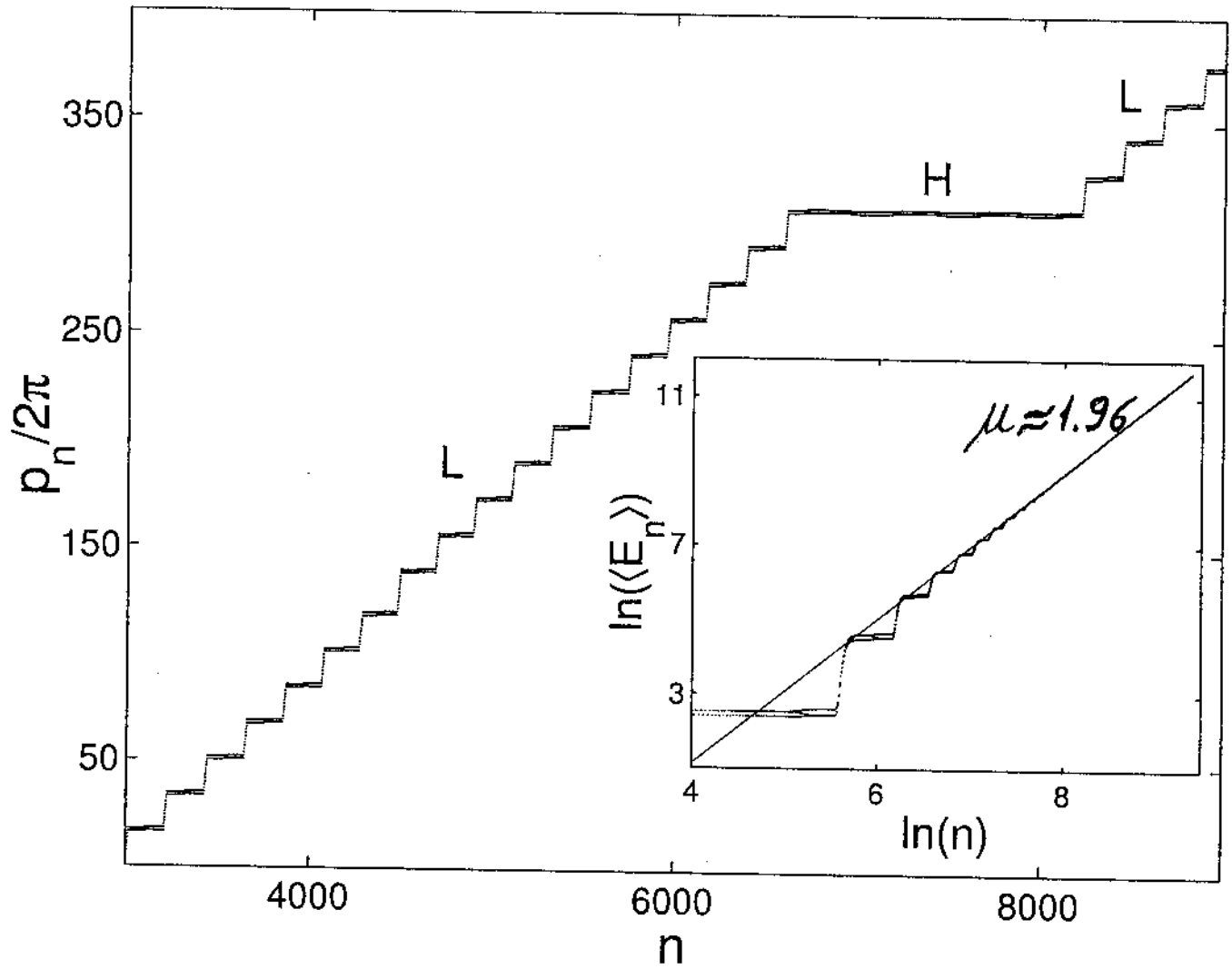
Accelerator-mode islands (AIs) and superdiffusion for $-4 < \kappa < -2$
and K arbitrarily small (arbitrarily weak chaos).

$\kappa = -3, K = 0.8$

$\kappa = -2.7247498, K = 0.15$



$$K = -3, \quad K = 0.8$$



Precisely as the elliptic sawtooth map is a piecewise rotation, the perturbed elliptic sawtooth map (PESM) is a *piecewise “web map”*.

General web map on (u, v) phase plane:

Composition of *rotation* with *near-identity map*,

$$\Phi_{\text{web}}: \begin{pmatrix} u_{n+1} \\ v_{n+1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\alpha) & \sin(\alpha) \\ -\sin(\alpha) & \cos(\alpha) \end{pmatrix} \left[\begin{pmatrix} u_n \\ v_n \end{pmatrix} + K \begin{pmatrix} f(u_n, v_n) \\ g(u_n, v_n) \end{pmatrix} \right].$$

Special case: Kicked harmonic oscillator [Zaslavsky et al. (1986)].

Basic relation between PESM and Φ_{web} :

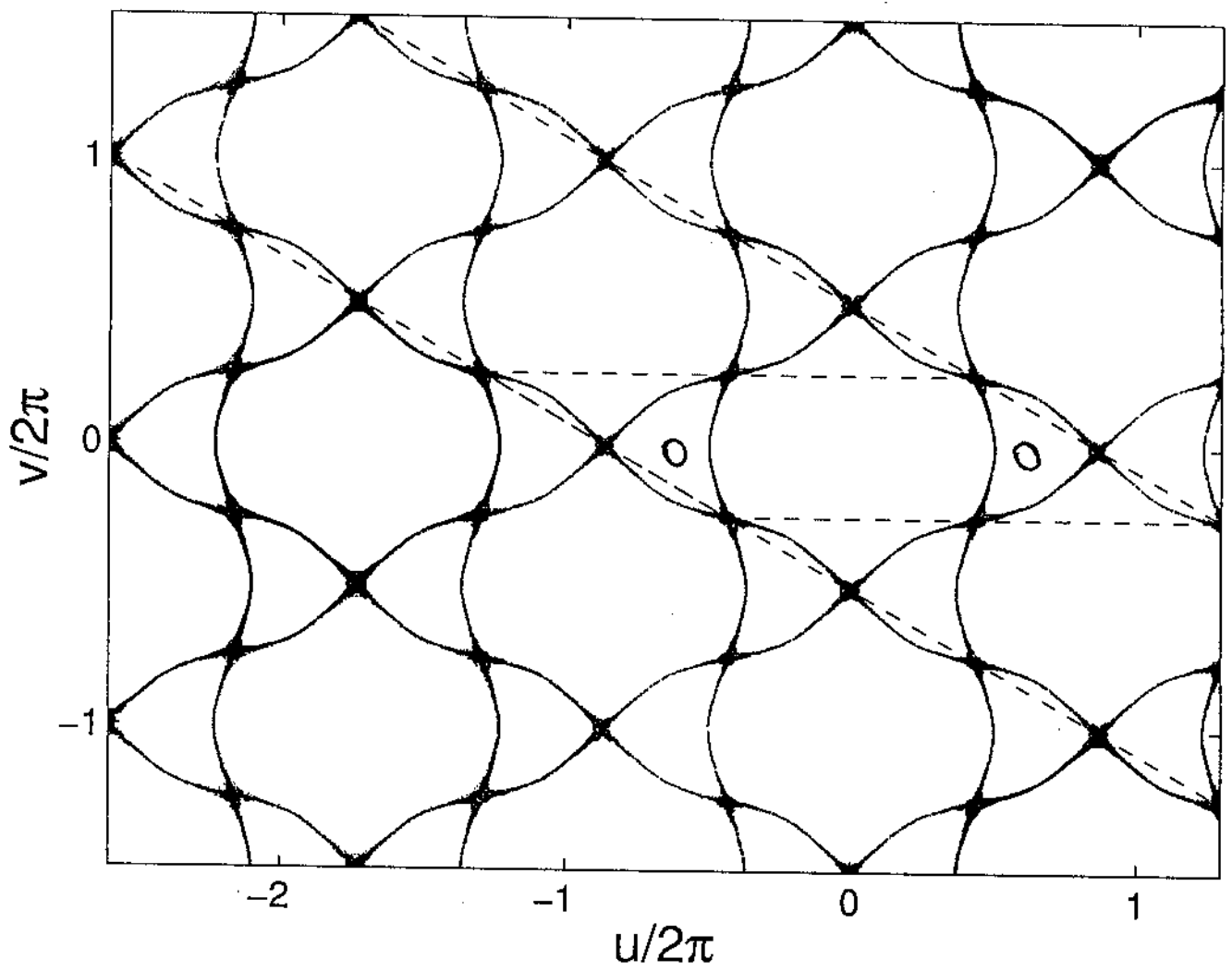
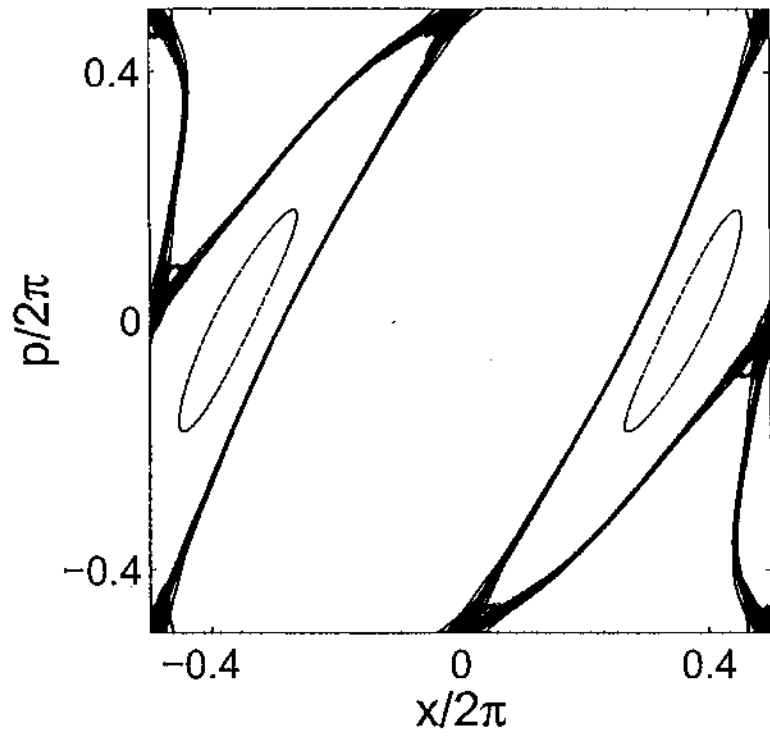
$$\text{PESM}(\kappa, K) = Q^{-1} \Phi_{\text{web}} Q \quad \text{modulo cylinder}, \quad \begin{pmatrix} x \\ p \end{pmatrix} = Q^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} u \\ v \end{pmatrix},$$

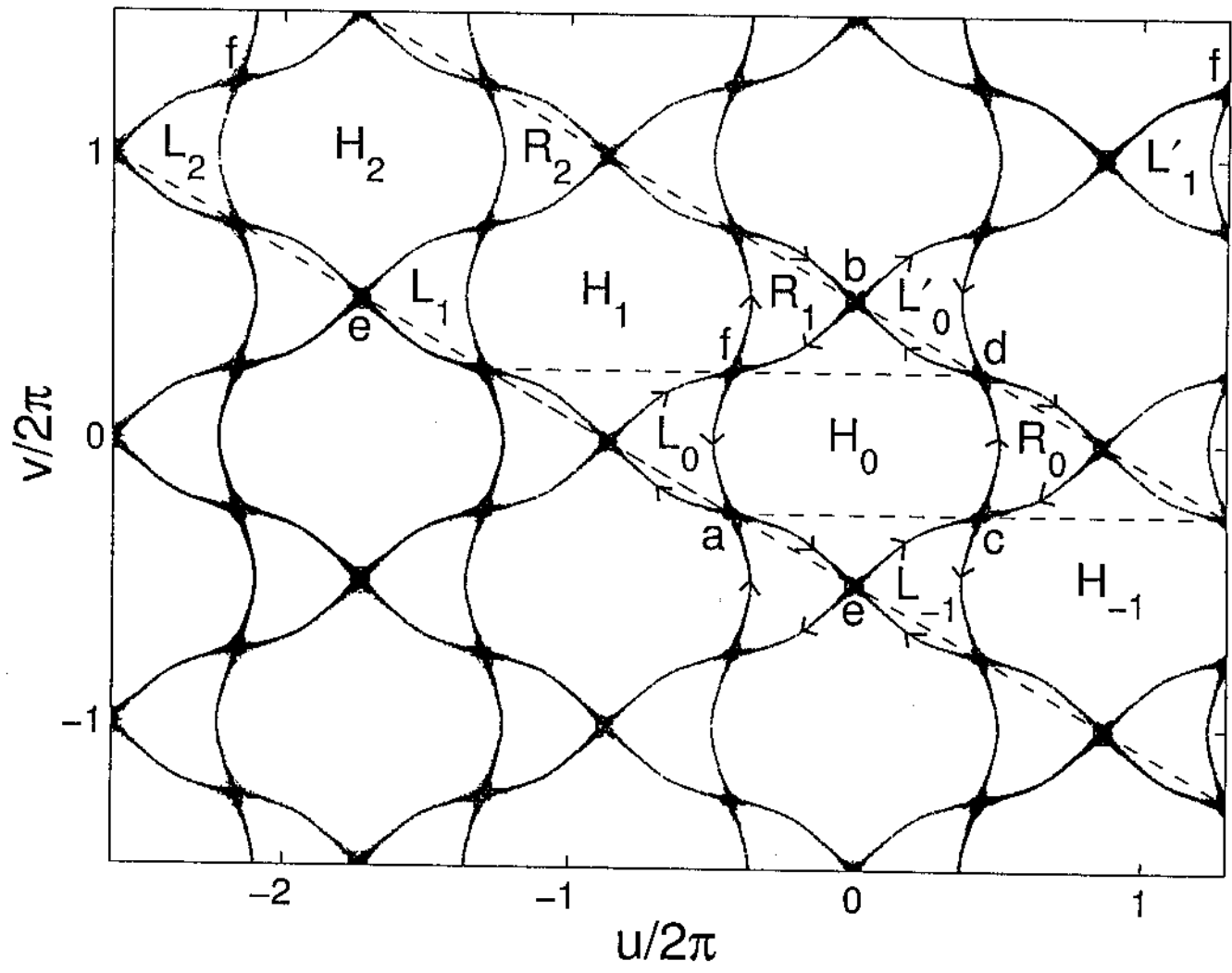
where again $2\cos(\alpha) = \kappa + 2$ and Q is a shear matrix:

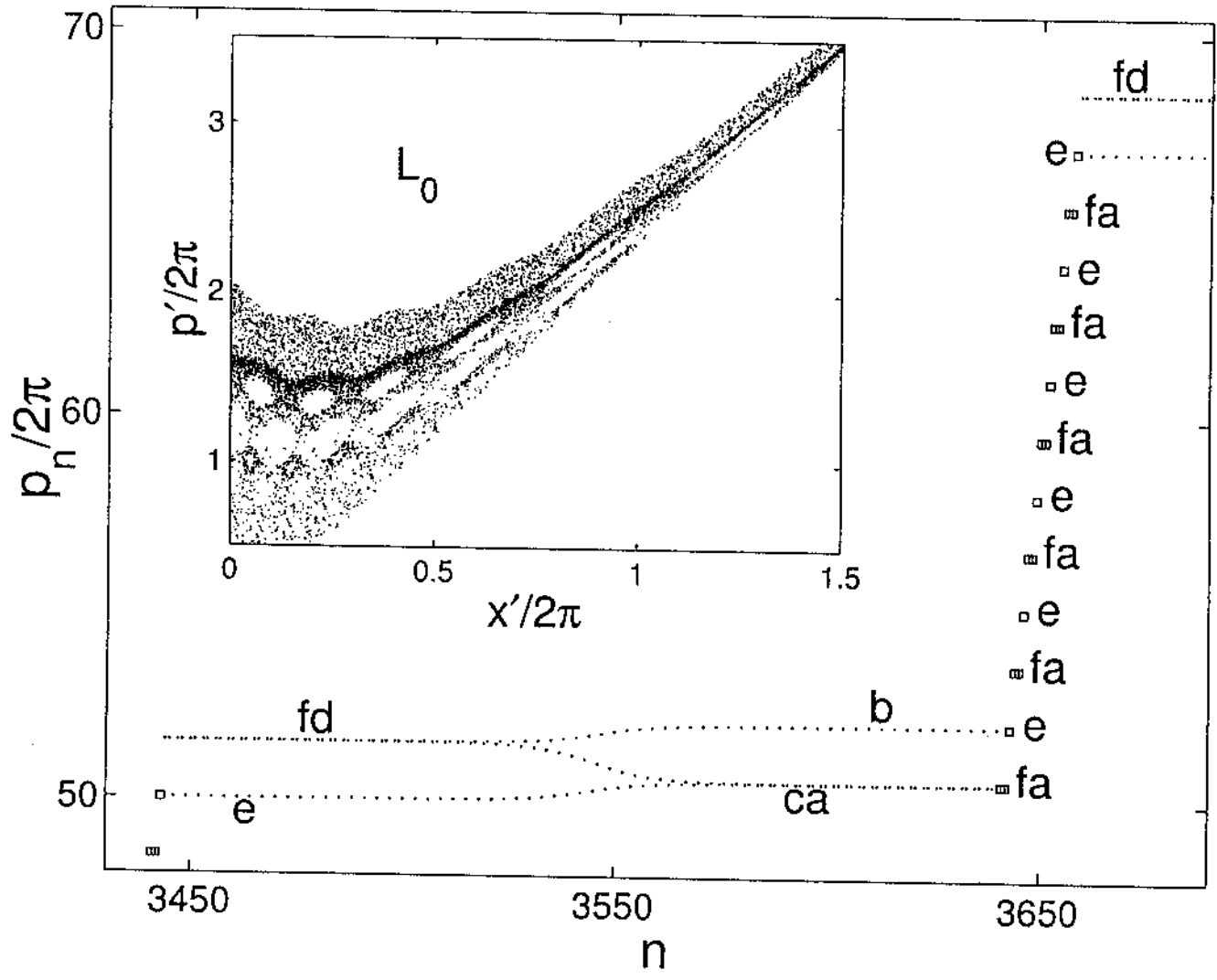
$$Q = \begin{pmatrix} \tan(\alpha/2) & -\tan(\alpha/2)/2 \\ 0 & 1/2 \end{pmatrix}.$$

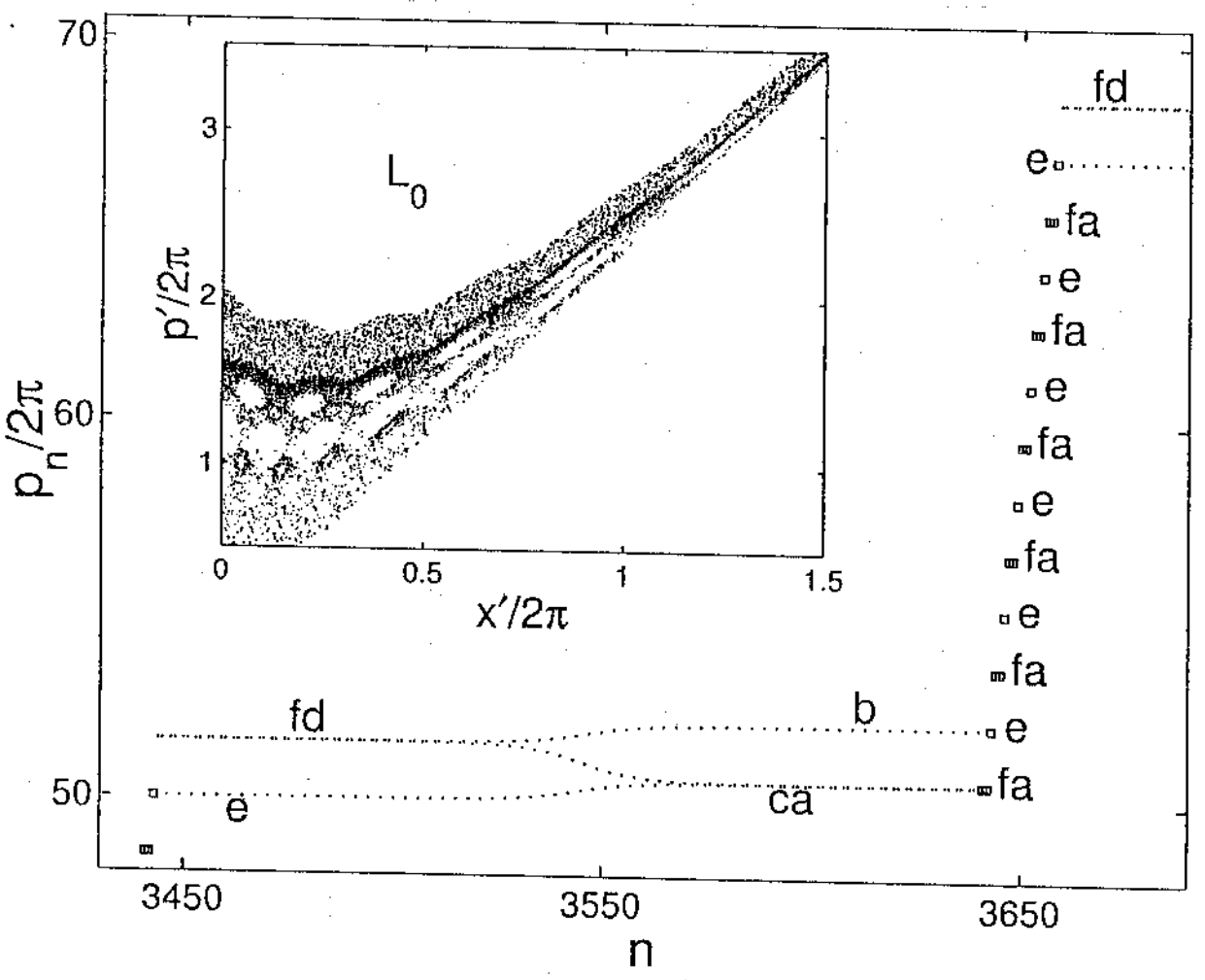
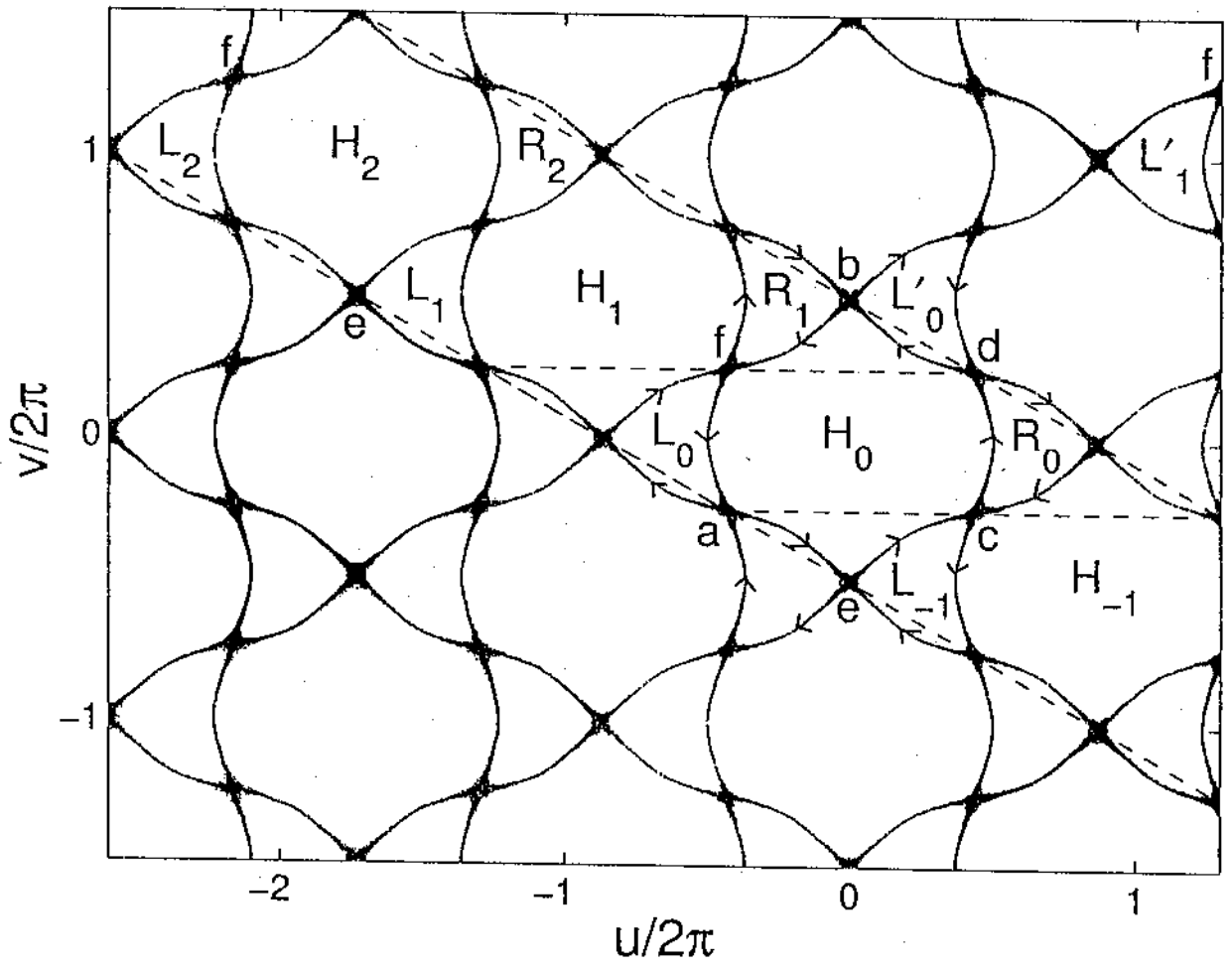
PESM is essentially a web map “folded back” into the cylinder.

Example: $\kappa = -3$, $K = 0.8$.









Conclusions

- Apparently first example of AIs (in PESMs) having *integrable* limit: essentially *normal* (web) islands “folded back” into the cylinder, thus fundamentally different from usual AIs (“tangle” islands).
- In weak-chaos regime, the boundary of an AI behaves mostly like that of a normal (web) island, and acceleration take places only when a chaotic orbit passes through tiny “*acceleration spots*” on the boundary.
- Consequence: Chaotic flights having a *steplike* structure, becoming increasingly pronounced in weak-chaos limit ($K \rightarrow 0$).
- Weak-chaos superdiffusion arises by “folding back the web-map normal diffusion into the cylinder”.
- Work in progress: Quantization of PESMs.